

## Exercise

- Name the rebel who fought against the British in the battle of Chinhat in the course of the 1857 Revolt?  
[NDA-I 2018]  
(a) Ahmadullah Shah (b) Shah Mal  
(c) Mangal Pandey (d) Kunwar Singh
- Who among the following introduced the Permanent Settlement of Bengal in 1793?  
[NDA-I 2018]  
(a) Lord Cornwallis (b) Lord Ripon  
(c) Robert Clive (d) John Adam
- Name the first major voluntary association representing primarily Indian landlord interests that was set up in Calcutta in 1851?  
[NDA-I 2018]  
(a) British Indian Association  
(b) Landholder's Society  
(c) Madras Native Association  
(d) Bombay Association
- Who among the following social reformer started a society for the encouragement of widow remarriage in 1866 in Maharashtra?  
[NDA-I 2018]  
(a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak (b) Jyotirao Phule  
(c) Vishnushashtri Pandit (d) Pandita Ramabai
- Which one of the following statements about Renaissance Humanist culture is NOT true?  
[NDA-I 2018]  
(a) It slackened the control of religion over human life  
(b) It believed that human nature was many-sided  
(c) It was concerned with good manners  
(d) It criticized material wealth, power and glory
- Which one of the following statements about the Olympe de Gouges (1748-1793) is correct?  
[NDA-I 2018]  
(a) She declared that although citizens should have equal rights, they are not entitled to the same honours by the State  
(b) She was a supporter of the Jacobin government  
(c) She was jailed for treason by the National Assembly  
(d) She declared that the nation is the union of woman and man
- Who among the following first used the term 'Industrial Revolution in English to describe the changes that occurred in British industrial development between 1760 and 1820?  
[NDA-I 2018]  
(a) Karl Marx (b) Georges Michelet  
(c) Amold Toynbee (d) Friedrich Engles
- In the Mesopotamian records, which one of the following terms was used for the Indus Valley (Harappans)?  
[NDA-II 2017]  
(a) Dilmun (b) Meluha  
(c) Magan (d) Failaka
- Ashoka's connection with Buddhism is evident from which one of the following edicts?  
[NDA-II 2017]  
(a) Major Rock Edict 13 (b) Rock Edict 6  
(c) Minor Rock Edict 1 (d) Pillar Edict 4
- Consider the following statements about the Nagara style of temple architecture :  
[NDA-II 2017]  
1. This style of temples are commonly found in the areas between Himalayas and Vindhya.  
2. The most striking feature of this style is its pyramidal shikhara.  
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?  
(a) 1 only (b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- In April 2017, India celebrated 100 years of Mahatma Gandhi's ?  
[NDA-II 2017]  
(a) Satyagraha in Kheda  
(b) Dandi March  
(c) Satyagraha in Champaran  
(d) Return from South Africa

12. Which one of the following was not a Chishti Sufi saint? [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) Khwaja Moinuddin  
 (b) Baba Fariduddin Ganj-i-Shakar  
 (c) Nizamuddin Auliya  
 (d) Shaikh Bahauddin Zakariya
13. Which one of the following travelogues has given an insight on the reign of Muhammad Bin Tughlaq? [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) Ibn Battuta's Rihla  
 (b) Francois Bernier's Travels in the Mogul Empire  
 (c) Niccolao Manucci's Storia do Mogor  
 (d) Tavernier's Travels in India
14. Who among the following was the founder of the Avadh Kingdom in the 18th century? [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) Murshid Quli Khan (b) Saadat Khan  
 (c) Alivardi Khan (d) Sarfaraz Khan
15. The Cabinet Mission Plan for India envisaged a [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) Federation  
 (b) Confederation  
 (c) Unitary form of Government  
 (d) Union of States
16. Consider the following movements: [NDA-II 2017]  
 1. Moplah Rebellion  
 2. Bardoli Satyagraha  
 3. Champaran Satyagraha  
 4. Salt Satyagraha  
 Which one of the following is the correct chronological order of the above in ascending order?  
 (a) 1-3-4-2 (b) 3-1-2-4  
 (c) 2-3-1-4 (d) 4-2-1-3
17. Which one of the following statements about the quit India Movement is not correct? [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) It broke out in August 1942.  
 (b) Ahmedabad Textile Mills went on strike for more than three months.  
 (c) Muslim League and Hindu Mahasabha actively participated in the movement.  
 (d) Communist Party did not support the movement.
18. Who among the following was the founder of the Young Bengal Movement? [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) Henry Vivian Derozio  
 (b) David Hare  
 (c) Dwarkanath Tagore  
 (d) Prasanna Kumar Tagore
19. Who among the following was believed to be a leader of the Sanyasis and Fakirs conspiring against the British in 1857? [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) Mangal Pandey (b) Bahadur Shah II  
 (c) Queen Zeenat Mahal (d) Nana Sahib
20. Which one of the following statements about the Ilbert Bill is correct? [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) It proposed that the Indian magistrates would try Europeans in criminal cases.  
 (b) It allowed Indians to find criminal cases against Europeans.  
 (c) It authorized Indian ICS officers to try Europeans in courts.  
 (d) It was an agitation led by Ilbert in support of the nationalists.
21. Which one of the following associations was founded in London by Dadabhai Naoroji in 1866? [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) The Bengal British India Society  
 (b) The East Indian Association  
 (c) The British Indian Association  
 (d) The Madras Native Association
22. Which one of the following about the Swadeshi Campaign in 1896 is not correct? [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) Its centre was Maharashtra  
 (b) Its main participants were students  
 (c) It opposed the levy of tariff on imports  
 (d) It publicly burnt foreign clothes
23. Who among the following is the author of the book 'The Indian Struggle, 1920-1934'? [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) Maulana Abul Kalam  
 (b) Jayprakash Narayan  
 (c) Subhash Chandra Bose  
 (d) Manabendra Nath Roy
24. Who among the following used the term Industrial Revolution for the first time in English to describe the changes that occurred in the British industrial development between 1760 and 1820? [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) Friedrich Engels  
 (b) Eric Hobs Bawn  
 (c) Arnold Toynbee  
 (d) Georges Michelet
25. Which one of the following statements regarding King Krishnadevaraya is NOT correct? [NDA-II 2017]  
 (a) He was a great scholar or Telugu and Sanskrit  
 (b) Foreign travellers Paes and Nuniz visited his court  
 (c) Barbosa praised him for the great justice and equity prevailing in his empire  
 (d) He wrote his magnum opus Amuktamalyada in Sanskrit
26. Which one of the following statements about Fatehpur Sikri is NOT correct? [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) It was located on the direct road to Ajmer  
 (b) Akbar commissioned the building of a marble tomb for Sheikh Salim Chisti next to the Friday mosque at Fatehpur Sikri

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- (c) The arched gateway or Bulund Darwaza was meant to remind visitors of the Mughal victory in Gujarat
- (d) In 1585, the capital of the Mughal emperor shifted from Fatehpur Sikri to Delhi
27. Who among the following was the author of the Badshah Nama? [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) Abdul Hamid Lahori (b) Abul Fazal  
 (c) Shah Jahan (d) Sadullah Khan
28. Name the calligrapher in Akbar's court who was honoured with the title "Zarrin Kalam" or Golden Pen [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) Abul Fazl (b) Tansen  
 (c) Muhammad Husayn (d) Muhammad Kasim
29. Which one of the following is a feature of thought and philosophy of the Kandukuri Viresalingam? [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) He believed that science and morality were unconnected to truth  
 (b) He believed in universal education  
 (c) He believed that language had no role in inculcating morality in students  
 (d) He did not attempt to build a national consciousness on a cultural base
30. Which one of the following Princely States did NOT support the Congress during the course of the Civil Disobedience Movement? [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) Bhavnagar (b) Mysore  
 (c) Junagadh (d) Kathiawar
31. Who launched the Bardoli Satyagraha on 4th February, 1928? [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) Vallabhbhai Patel  
 (c) Rajendra Prasad (d) Kalyanji Mehta
32. Which colonial administrator made the following declaration about the partition of Bengal in 1904? Bengal united is a power. Bengal divided will pull in different ways. That is perfectly true and one of the merits of the scheme. [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) Lord Curzon (b) H. H. Risley  
 (c) Lord Minto (d) Sir Lancelot Hare
33. Which one of the following was NOT a feature of railways in colonial India? [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) The main purpose of the setting up of railways in India was to serve the interest of the empire  
 (b) British capital investments were invited with 15% guaranteed interest to be paid if necessary from Indian revenues  
 (c) The construction work disturbed ecology  
 (d) The construction of the railways was planned in such a way that it connected the internal markets with the ports, but provided no interconnection between internal market cities
34. Which one of the following characteristics does NOT describe the Khilafat movement? [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) Mahatma Gandhi sought to link it to the Non-Cooperation movement  
 (b) It was not supported by the Congress  
 (c) It demanded that the Turkish Sultan must retain control over Muslim sacred spaces in the erstwhile Ottoman empire  
 (d) It was led by Muhammad Ali and Shaukat Ali
35. Which one of the following was a significant feature of the Quit India Movement? [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) Women did not play an important role in the movement  
 (b) Nasik in Maharashtra was an important regional base during the movement  
 (c) It was marked by anti-zamindar violence  
 (d) It was marked by the emergence of parallel governments in different parts of India
36. Which of the following statements about the Chittagong group is NOT correct? [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) Its membership included a large number of youth including Ganesh Ghosh, Lokenath Baul and Anant Singh  
 (b) Its leader Surya Sen had been a lawyer in Dhaka before joining the group  
 (c) Surya Sen and his group were closely associated with Congress work in Chittagong  
 (d) This group had prepared an action plan to occupy the armouries in Chittagong
37. Who among the following is one of the authors of the book "Philosophy of the Bomb"? [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) Bhagat Singh (b) Jawaharlal Nehru  
 (c) Surya Sen. (d) Yashpal
38. Which one of the following was NOT a feature of the Subsidiary Alliance of Lord Wellesley? [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) The British were responsible for protecting the ally from any external threats  
 (b) All internal threats were to be handled by the ally alone, with no help from the British  
 (c) They ally was to provide resources for maintaining a British armed contingent stationed in its territory  
 (d) The ally could not enter into any agreement with other rulers without the permission of the British
39. Which one of the following was NOT a cause of the Revolt of 1857? [NDA-I 2017]  
 (a) The rumour that the British had mixed the bone dust of cows and pigs into the flour being sold in the market  
 (b) The prophecy that British rule would come to an end on the centenary of the Battle of Plassey on 23rd June, 1857

- (c) Popular discontent with British rule  
(d) The prophecy that the end of British rule would lead to the end of the Kali Yuga and the return of Ram Rajya
40. Consider the following statements: [NDA-II 2016]  
1. Periplus is a Greek word meaning sailing around.  
2. Erythraean was the Greek name for the Mediterranean Sea.  
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?  
(a) 1 only (b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
41. Which of the following statements with regards to the Civil Disobedience movement is/are correct? [NDA-II 2016]  
1. The movement received massive response from business groups and peasantry  
2. The movement coincided with large scale labour upsurge in Maharashtra  
3. The movement was marked by the mass participation of lawyers and students  
Select the correct answer using the code given below:  
(a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 only  
(c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3
42. Which one of the following organizations was started by Jyotirao Phule in 1873? [NDA-II 2016]  
(a) Prarthna Samaj (b) Bahujan Samaj  
(c) Justice Party (d) Satyashodhak Samaj
43. Who among the following was the author of 'Neel Darpan' published in 1860? [NDA-II 2016]  
(a) Reverend James Long  
(b) Michael Madhusudan Dutta  
(c) Raja Ram Mohan Roy  
(d) Dinbandhu Mitra
44. Subsidiary Alliance was a system devised by [NDA-II 2016]  
(a) Lord Wellesley (b) Lord Dalhousie  
(c) Lord Canning (d) Lord Ripon
45. The cylindrical stone seals were used in which civilization? [NDA-II 2016]  
(a) Harappan (b) Egyptian  
(c) Roman (d) Mesopotamian
46. In the 19th century, the majority of the workers in Japan's modern industries were mainly [NDA-II 2016]  
(a) Japanese men and children  
(b) Japanese women and Chinese men  
(c) Women  
(d) Japanese and Chinese men
47. Although used earlier by French and German writers, the term industrial Revolution in English was first popularized by [NDA-II 2016]  
(a) Adam Smith (b) Amonld Toynbee  
(c) James Mill (d) Bertned Russell
48. Consider the following statements: [NDA-II 2016]  
1. British colonialism continued to grow steadily in the 18th and 19th centuries  
2. Raw cotton for the textile industry in Britain during the industrial revolution needed to be imported  
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?  
(a) 1 only (b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
49. The industrial revolution in England had a profound impact on the lives of people. Which of the following statements are correct about that? [NDA-II 2016]  
1. Women were the main workers in the silk, lace-making and knitting industries  
2. Factory managers were well aware of the health risks of industrial work on children  
3. Children were often employed in textile factories  
4. The novel 'Hard Times' by Charles Dickens was a severe critique of the horrors of industrialization  
Select the correct answer using the code given below:  
(a) 1 and 3 only (b) 1 and 2  
(c) 1, 3 and 4 (d) 3 and 4 only
50. Which of the following was/were the reasons for the defeat of British during the American War of Independence? [NDA-II 2016]  
1. The remoteness of the American continent and the lack of good roads  
2. The British authorities failed to rally the loyalist Americans  
3. The Americans benefited from the extraordinary military leadership of George Washington  
4. The Americans had access to superior arms and ammunition  
Select the correct answer using the code given below:  
(a) 1, 2 and 4 (b) 3 only  
(c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3
51. Which of the following was/were the feature(s) of Lenin's New Economic policy (NEP) for the Soviet Union? [NDA-II 2016]  
1. Private retail trading was strictly forbidden  
2. Private enterprise was strictly forbidden  
3. Peasants were not allowed to sell their surplus  
4. To secure liquid capital, concessions were allowed to foreign capitalists, but the state retained the option of purchasing the products of such concerns  
Select the correct answer using the code given below:  
(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3  
(c) 1, 2 and 4 (d) 4 only

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52. Consider the following statements: [NDA-I 2016]
1. The Arthashastra is the first Indian text to define a State.
  2. The main concerns of the Arthashastra are theoretical issues like the origins of the state.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2.
53. Consider the following statements about Rashtrakuta kings: [NDA-I 2016]
1. They were ardent patrons of Shaivism and did not support other forms of religion.
  2. They promoted only Sanskrit scholars and gave them large grants
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
54. Consider the following statements about Sufism in India: [NDA-I 2016]
1. Pilgrimage called ziyarat to tombs of Sufi saints is an important feature.
  2. The most influential group of Sufis in India were the Chishtis.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only. (b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
55. Which of the following thinkers and movements influenced the development of Gandhiji's political ideas? [NDA-I 2016]
1. Henry David Thoreau
  2. John Ruskin
  3. John Milton
  4. Jainism
- Select the correct answer using the code given below:
- (a) 1 only (b) 1, 2 and 3 only  
(c) 1, 2 and 4 only (d) 2 and 4 only
56. Which of the following statements about Brahma Samaj is/are correct ? [NDA-I 2016]
1. The Brahma Marriage Act of 1872 allowed inter-caste and widow re-marriage only if the contracting parties declared themselves to be non-Hindus.
  2. Keshub Chandra Sen arranged the marriage of his minor daughter with the Maharaja of Burdwan
  3. Keshub Chandra Sen's followers broke away to form the Naba Brahma Samaj.
  4. The Brahma Samaj grew from a small elite group to a mass movement in the 19th century.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below :
- (a) Only 1 (b) Both 1 and 2  
(c) Both 2 and 3 (d) All 1, 2, 3 and 4
57. Which one among the following Acts for the first time allowed Indians, at least theoretically, entry to higher posts in British Indian administration ? [NDA-I 2016]
- (a) Charter Act, 1813 (b) Charter Act, 1833  
(c) Charles Wood's (d) Despatch, 1854
58. Which of the following statements about Gandhiji's Hind Swaraj written in 1909 is/are true? [NDA-I 2016]
1. Hind Swaraj offers a civilizational concept of the Indian nation.
  2. Hind Swaraj states that Parliamentary democracy was necessary for the amelioration of the sufferings of Indians.
  3. Hind Swaraj argues that Industrial capitalism was responsible for the immorality of society.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below:
- (a) 3 only (b) 1, 2 and 3  
(c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1 only
59. Which of the following statements about the first act of the Revolt of 1857 is/are true? [NDA-I 2016]
1. It occurred in Meerut, when two sepoy's stole a superior officer's rifle.
  2. It began when the Rani of Jhansi declared war on the British.
  3. It began when Mangal Pandey fired at a European officer in Meerut.
  4. It began when Mangal Pandey fired at a European officer in Barrackpore.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below:
- (a) 2 only (b) 1, 2 and 3 only  
(c) 4 only (d) 1 and 4 only
60. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists: [NDA-II 2015]
- | List-I (Dynasty)  | List-II (Architecture) |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| A. Chalukyas      | 1. Sun Temple, Konark  |
| B. Hoysalas       | 2. Pattadakal Temples  |
| C. Pandyas        | 3. Kesava Temple       |
| D. Eastern Gangas | 4. Somnathpur          |
- Code:**
- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| A B C D     | A B C D     |
| (a) 1 3 2 4 | (b) 1 2 3 4 |
| (c) 2 4 3 1 | (d) 2 3 4 1 |
61. Consider the following statements about the travellers who visited India: [NDA-II 2015]
1. Abdur Razzaq Samarqandi from Herat visited Delhi and Daulatabad.
  2. Ibn Battuta provides detailed accounts of both Delhi and Daulatabad.
  3. According to Francois Bernier there was no private property in land in Mughal India.



- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?  
 (a) 1 only (b) 1, 2 and 3  
 (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 2 and 3 only
62. The Vijayanagara Empire received its death blow at the battle of: **[NDA-II 2015]**  
 (a) Talikota in 1565 (b) Panipat in 1661  
 (c) Talikota in 1665 (d) Raichur in 1510
63. Who among the following was associated with the Mughal Court as a physician to Prince Dara Shukoh'? **[NDA-II 2015]**  
 (a) Hakim Afzal Khan (b) Ibn Battuta  
 (c) Francois Bernier (d) Duarte Barbosa
64. The Indian States Committee was formed in 1928 under: **[NDA-II 2015]**  
 (a) The Raja of Junagadh (b) Ian Copland  
 (c) Sir Harcourt Butler (d) Motilal Nehru
65. The 19th Century Faraizi Movement in eastern Bengal developed under the leadership of: **[NDA-II 2015]**  
 (a) Titu Rai (b) Haji Shariatullah  
 (c) Shah Sayyid Ahmad (d) Dudu Miyan
66. Who among the following founded the Rajahmundri Social Reform Association in 1878 in support of widow remarriage? **[NDA-II 2015]**  
 (a) Vishanshastri Pandit  
 (b) Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar  
 (c) Pandita Ramabai  
 (d) Veeresalingam Pantulu
67. The Senia tradition is: **[NDA-II 2015]**  
 (a) musical tradition that emerged from the colonial army (Sena)  
 (b) dance drama written by Keshab Chandra Sen  
 (c) textile tradition of eastern UP  
 (d) musical tradition that invoked the name of Tansen, the celebrated musician of Akbar's Court
68. Which of the following statements about hill stations of colonial India is/are correct? **[NDA-II 2015]**
1. The architecture of hill stations sought to recreate the European style
  2. Hill stations were developed as sanitariums where soldiers were treated for illness
  3. Shimla became the official residence of the Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army
  4. In 1864, Shimla had to be evacuated because of a Typhoid epidemic
- Select the correct answer using the code given below:  
 (a) 1 only (b) 1, 2 and 3  
 (c) 3 and 4 (d) 2 and 3 only
69. Which of the following features of the Permanent Settlement of 1793 is/are correct? **[NDA-II 2015]**
1. The Permanent Settlement vested Land ownership rights in the peasants
  2. The Permanent Settlement vested land ownership rights in the Zamindars
  3. The Zamindars had to pay a fixed amount of rent by a particular date
  4. The Zamindars benefited hugely from the Permanent Settlement while the peasants suffered
- Select the correct answer using the code given below:  
 (a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only  
 (c) 4 (d) 1, 2 and 3
70. The British Officer who was a representative of the Governor General and who lived in a State which was not under direct British rule was called: **[NDA-II 2015]**  
 (a) Collector (b) Viceroy  
 (c) Resident (d) Agent
71. Which one of the following statements about Khilafat Movement is not correct? **[NDA-II 2015]**
- (a) The Khilafat Movement demanded that the Khalifa must retain control over Muslim holy places
  - (b) The radical trend in the Khilafat Movement was represented by younger leaders like Muhammad Ali, Shaukat Ali, and Maulana Azad
  - (c) Indian Muslim leaders used Khilafat as a symbol that could unite the Indian Muslim community
  - (d) The Delhi conference of the Central Khilafat Committee in 1920 decided to launch a massive Non-Cooperation Movement
72. Which one of the following statements about Subsidiary Alliance devised by Lord Wellesley in the year 1798 is not correct? **[NDA-II 2015]**
- (a) The territories entering into a subsidiary alliance with the British were responsible for their own internal and external protection
  - (b) In the territory of the ally, a British armed, contingent would be stationed
  - (c) The ally would have to provide the resources for maintaining the British contingent in the territory
  - (d) The permission of the British was needed for the ally to enter into agreements with other rulers
73. Consider the following statements about Ashokan rock edicts: **[NDA-I 2015]**
1. Major Rock Edict XIII records Ashoka's remorse at the sufferings caused by his Kalinga campaign.
  2. Major Rock Edict X records Ashoka's visit to Lumbini.
  3. Major Rock Edict XII refers to Dhamma Mahamattas as a new category of officers instituted by Ashoka.

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4. Major Rock Edict XII speaks about showing tolerance towards all sects.  
Which of the statements given above are correct?  
(a) 1 and 4 only (b) 2 and 3  
(c) 3 and 4 only (d) 1,3 and 4
74. Harappan crafts display an amazing degree of standardization. According to Kenoyer, what was the possible reason for such an achievement? [NDA-I 2015]  
(a) Availability of raw materials at local level  
(b) Centralized markets for crafts  
(c) Specialized training centres for craftsmen  
(d) State control
75. Who among the following was not associated with the Sarvodaya movement? [NDA-I 2015]  
(a) Jaya Prakash Narayan (b) Acharya Vinoba Bhave  
(c) Dharendra Mazumdar (d) GV Apparao
76. Mahatma Gandhi's Hindu Swaraj is essentially [NDA-I 2015]  
(a) a critique of Western modernity  
(b) an outline of his philosophy of Satyagraha  
(c) an invocation to Indians to free themselves from the British  
(d) a blueprint of Gram Swaraj
77. What is the common element among Ram Prasad Bismil, Roshan Singh and Rajendra Lahiri? [NDA-I 2015]  
(a) They threw a bomb in the Central Legislative Assembly on 8 April, 1929  
(b) They were the founder members of Swaraj Party  
(c) They were the founders of Hindustan Republican Association  
(d) They were associated with Kakori Conspiracy case
78. Soon after the formation of Indian National Congress, the British became suspicious of nationalists. Who among the following called Congress representing only the elite 'a microscopic minority'? [NDA-I 2015]  
(a) Lord Napier (b) Lord Dufferin  
(c) Lord Ripon (d) Lord Lytton
79. While opposing the Public Safety Bill, 1928 who among the following said that it was 'a direct attack on Indian nationalism, on the Indian National Congress' and as 'the Slavery of India, Bill No. 1'? [NDA-I 2015]  
(a) Motilal Nehru (b) Lala Lajpat Rai  
(c) T Prakasam (d) Diwan Chaman Lal
80. Consider the following statements about the early modern dounemad technology in India:[NDA-I 2015]  
1. The Portuguese brought European movable metal types to Goa in 1550.  
2. The first Indian script of which types were prepared was Tamil.
3. The English Company's first experiment with printing press was at Calcutta.
4. The English Company imported printing press to India in 1674-75 at the request of Bhimji Parak.  
Which of the statements given above are correct?  
(a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 and 3  
(c) 3 and 4 (d) 1, 2 and 4
81. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true for Olympe de Gouges? [NDA-I 2015]  
1. She was one of the most important politically active woman in revolutionary France.  
2. She was one of the memebbers of the Committee that drafted the Declaration of Rights of Man and Citizen.  
3. She wrote the Declaration of the Right of Woman and Citizen.  
Select the correct answer using the code given below :  
(a) 1 only (b) 3 only  
(c) 1 and 2 (d) 1 and 3
- Direction:** The following 1 (one) item consists of two statements, Statement I and Statement II. Examine these two statements carefully and select the correct answer using the code given below :
- Code:**  
(a) Both the statements are individually true and Statement II is the correct explanation of Statement I.  
(b) Both the statements are individually true and Statement II is NOT the correct explanation of Statement I.  
(c) Statement I is true but Statement II is false.  
(d) Statement I is false but Statement II is true.
82. **Statement I:** Jahandar Shah's reign came to an early end in January 1713.  
**Statement II:** He was defeated at Agra by Farrukhsiyar, his nephew. [NDA-II 2014]
83. The Bolshevik Revolution started in Russia during the reign of [NDA-II 2014]  
(a) Czar Alexander I (b) Czar Alexander II  
(c) Czar Alexander III (d) Czar Nicholas II
84. Which one of the following is the correct sequence of appearance of the poet-saints of the Bhakti-Sufi tradition? [NDA-II 2014]  
(a) Basavanna - Appar - Mira Bai - Lal Ded  
(b) Appar - Basavanna - Lal Ded - Mira Bai  
(c) Appar - Mira Bai - Lal Ded - Basavanna  
(d) Basavanna - Mira Bai - Lal Ded - Appar
85. Megasthenes was a [NDA-II 2014]  
(a) Greek ambassador to the court of Chandragupta Maurya  
(b) Greek trader during Ashoka's time  
(c) Greek trader in the Gupta period  
(d) Chinese pilgrim during Harsha's time

86. Consider the following statements about Harappan Culture: [NDA-II 2014]
1. The Harappan Culture matured in Sind and Punjab.
  2. It spread from there to Southwards and Eastwards
  3. The area, where it spread, was bigger than Egypt and Mesopotamia.
- Which of the statements
- (a) 1 and 2 only                      (b) 2 and 3 only  
(c) 3 only                                (d) 1, 2 and 3
87. Who among the following was associated with the formulation of the basic ideas of the Mahayana Buddhism? [NDA-II 2014]
- (a) Nagarjuna                          (b) Kashyapa Matanga  
(c) Menander                          (d) Kanishka
88. Which of the following American colonies did not attend the first Continental Congress held in Philadelphia? [NDA-II 2014]
- (a) Rhode Island                      (b) Connecticut  
(c) Georgia                              (d) Maryland
89. The Stamp Act Congress consisting of delegates from nine of the thirteen colonies met in 1765 at [NDA-II 2014]
- (a) Philadelphia                        (b) New York City  
(c) Boston                                (d) Providence
90. Who among the following was not a member of the 'Big Four' in the Congress of Vienna (1815)? [NDA-II 2014]
- (a) Great Britain                        (b) Russia  
(c) Austria                                (d) France
91. Who among the following did not bring trading ships to the port of Surat in pre-British times? [NDA-II 2014]
- (a) Portuguese and English  
(b) Russian and German  
(c) English and Arab  
(d) French and Arab
92. Which of the following statements is/are correct about the working of the Permanent Settlement in Bengal? [NDA-II 2014]
1. The traditional Zamindars lost their lands.
  2. The reason for the Zamindars' inability to pay up land revenues was that the Ryots defaulted on payment of revenue.
  3. A new group of farmers - the Jotedars became influential.
  4. The Collector replaced the Zamindars as the alternative focus of authority
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 only.                                (b) 1 and 4 only  
(c) 2 and 3 only                        (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
93. The Factory Act of 1891 in India was enacted to [NDA-II 2014]
- (a) improve the condition of labour in India
  - (b) ensure greater governmental control over industry in India.
  - (c) provide a level playing field for English manufacturers
  - (d) enable greater political control over Indian industry
94. By the late 19th century, India was one of the largest producers and exporters of [NDA-II 2014]
- (a) cotton yarn and wheat
  - (b) sugar and rice
  - (c) sugar and alcohol
  - (d) iron and steel
- Direction:** The following 1 (one) item consists of two statements, Statement I and Statement II. Examine these two statements carefully and select the correct answer using the code given below :
- Code:**
- (a) Both the statements are individually true and Statement II is the correct explanation of Statement I.
  - (b) Both the statements are individually true and Statement II is NOT the correct explanation of Statement I.
  - (c) Statement I is true but Statement II is false.
  - (d) Statement I is false but Statement II is true.
95. **Statement I:** The defects of the Regulating Act and the exigencies of British politics necessitated the passing of the Pitt's India Act.
- Statement II:** The Pitt's India Act gave the British Government supreme control over the Company's affairs and its administration in India. [NDA-II 2014]
96. Which one among the following is not true about Bal Gangadhar Tilak? [NDA-I 2014]
- (a) He started the new English School in Poona.
  - (b) He founded the Shri Shivaji Fund Committee for celebration of Shiv Jayanti.
  - (c) He preached the cult of self-reliance.
  - (d) He transformed the household worshipping of Ganesha into a Public event.
97. The Non-Cooperation Movement was withdrawn for the [NDA-I 2014]
- (a) First World War
  - (b) Chauri-Chaura Incident
  - (c) Bardoli Satyagraha
  - (d) Gandhi-Irwin Pact
98. The Indian National Army was organized to fight against [NDA-I 2014]
- (a) Germany and Japan
  - (b) the British in India
  - (c) Japan
  - (d) Russia
99. Who among the following was associated with the Hindustan Socialist Republican Association? [NDA-I 2014]
- (a) Subhash Chandra Bose
  - (b) Mahatma Gandhi
  - (c) Bhagat Singh
  - (d) Laxmi Sehgal



## History

100. The Permanent Settlement of 1793 introduced  
[NDA-I 2014]
- peasant rights
  - bourgeois property rights in land to Zamindars
  - shipping rights for the English East India Company
  - rights for women to have property rights
101. The 'Doctrine of Lapse' was a policy that aimed to  
[NDA-I 2014]
- control the rebellions in the Princely States
  - extend the military strength of the British
  - regulate the landlords
  - extend the territorial boundaries of the English East India Company
102. Who among the following was associated with the Gudem-Rampa Rebellion?  
[NDA-I 2014]
- Birsa Munda
  - Kushal Konwar
  - Alluri Sitarama Raju
  - Mangal Pandey
103. The Swadeshi Movement evoked serious responses in  
[NDA-I 2014]
- Madras and Hyderabad
  - Bengal and Maharashtra
  - Bihar and Orissa
  - The Princely States
104. Which of the following was/were the new feature/features visible in the Quit India Movement (1942)?  
[NDA-I 2014]
- Large-scale movements in some of the industrial areas.
  - Large-scale mass involvement in some of the Princely States
  - Increase in the activities of the Kisan Sabha
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- 1, 2 and 3
  - 1 only
  - 1 and 3 only
  - 3 only
105. During the Civil Disobedience Movement, tribals in Chota Nagpur  
[NDA-I 2014]
- gave up opium consumption
  - wore Khadi
  - gave up drinking liquor and eating meat.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- 1 and 3 only
  - 1 only
  - 1, 2 and 3
  - 2 and 3 only
106. The Salt Satyagraha called by Mahatma Gandhi saw the  
[NDA-I 2014]
- violation of salt laws along coastal India
  - participation of women
  - upward swing when it came to the working class joining in
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- 1 and 3 only
  - 2 only
  - 1 and 2 only
  - 1, 2 and 3
107. Gandhiji's 'Harijan Campaign' sought to
- attack caste system as a whole
  - open wells, road, temples, etc to Harijans
  - encourage social work among Harijans
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.  
[NDA-I 2014]
- 1 and 2
  - 2 and 3
  - 1 and 3
  - 3 only
108. E. V. Ramaswami Naicker was associated with reforming Brahminism  
[NDA-I 2014]
- the Self-Respect Movement
  - the Low Caste Movement
  - the Communist Movement
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- 1, 2, 3 and 4
  - 1 and 3 only
  - 1 and 4 only
  - 2 and 3 only
109. No Indian "shall by reason only of his religion, place of birth, descent, colour or any of them be disabled from holding any office or employment under the company". This was a pledge first given by the  
[NDA-II 2013]
- Charter Act of 1813
  - Charter Act of 1833
  - Queen's Proclamation of 1858
  - Indian Civil Service Act of 1861
110. Consider the following statements: [NDA-II 2013]
- Morley-Minto reforms ended the official majority in state legislative assemblies.
  - Despite the Government of India Act, 1909 the non-officials were elected to local bodies indirectly.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- 1 only
  - 2 only
  - Both 1 and 2
  - Neither 1 nor 2
111. Arrange the following events of Indian freedom movement in correct sequence beginning from the earliest:  
[NDA-II 2013]
- Second Round Table Conference
  - Communal Award
  - Poona Pact
  - Simon Commission
- Select the correct answer using the code given below:
- 1-2-3-4
  - 4-3-2-1
  - 4-1-2-3
  - 3-2-1-4

112. Who among the following has described the uprising of 1857 as the First Indian War of Independence?

[NDA-II 2013]

- (a) S. N. Sen (b) R. C. Majumdar  
(c) B. G. Tilak (d) V.D. Savarkar

113. Who among the following was the President of Indian National Congress when India attained independence?

[NDA-II 2013]

- (a) Jawaharlal Nehru (b) Vallabhbhai Patel  
(c) Maulana Azad (d) Acharya Kripalani

114. The implementation of factory legislation in India in the nineteenth century was a result of the pressure on the Government of India from

[NDA-II 2013]

- (a) the trade unionists in India  
(b) the socialists in India  
(c) the manufacturers from Lancashire and Manchester  
(d) the Indian National Congress

115. Kandh Revolt against the British was led by

[NDA-II 2013]

- (a) Chakra Bishoyi (b) Dandasena  
(c) Tomma Dora (d) Birsa Munda

116. The Indian National Congress was founded during the Viceroyalty of

[NDA-II 2013]

- (a) Lord Lytton (b) Lord Ripon  
(c) Lord Dufferin (d) Lord Mayo

117. "... it has reduced us politically to serfdom. It has sapped the foundations of our culture ... it has degraded us spiritually.' This was Mahatma Gandhi complaining of the ill-effect on Indians of which action/policy of the colonial government?

[NDA-II 2013]

- (a) Salt tax (b) Inadequate franchise  
(c) Press Act (d) Rowlatt Act

118. What was the common element among the following three newspapers?

[NDA-II 2013]

- (i) The Servant of India  
(ii) Dnyan Prakash  
(iii) Hitawad  
(a) They were newspapers brought out by the Indian National Congress  
(b) They were newspapers under the influence of socialism  
(c) They were newspapers of moderate views brought out by the Servants of India Society  
(d) They represented the Trade Union Movement in India

119. For Mahatma Gandhi, Satyagraha is

[NDA-II 2013]

1. a political force.  
2. a philosophy of life.

3. an ideology of action.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 and 3 only  
(c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

120. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists: [NDA-II 2013]

**List I (Book/Journal)**      **List II (Author/Editor)**

- |                  |                      |
|------------------|----------------------|
| A. Bande Mataram | 1. Aurobindo Ghosh   |
| B. New India     | 2. Mahatma Gandhi    |
| C. India Today   | 3. Bipin Chandra Pal |
| D. Young India   | 4. R. P. Dutt        |

- |       |   |   |   |       |   |   |   |
|-------|---|---|---|-------|---|---|---|
| A     | B | C | D | A     | B | C | D |
| (a) 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 | (b) 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| (c) 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | (d) 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 |

121. Consider the following statements: [NDA-II 2013]

- Annie Besant was the first woman President of the Indian National Congress.
- The historic Lucknow session of the Congress in 1916 was presided by Madan Mohan Malviya.
- Mahatma Gandhi presided over the annual session of Congress only once at Belgaum in 1924.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 (b) 2 and 3 only  
(c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1 and 3

122. Which of the following statements about Quit India Movement of 1942 is/are correct? [NDA-II 2013]

- The movement was massive in character.
- One of the unique features of the movement was the participation of the communists at the local level defying the official stand of the Communist Party.
- It was a completely non-violent movement.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2  
(c) 2 only (d) 1 and 3

123. Consider the following statements: [NDA-II 2013]

- Dadabhai Naoroji first put forward 'the theory of drain of wealth'.
- The Indian National Congress adopted a resolution to criticize the drain of wealth in its annual session at Calcutta in 1896.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

124. Which of the following statements about Ryotwari system is/are correct? [NDA-II 2013]

- The government collected the revenue directly from the individual cultivators.

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3. The cultivators were not recognized in law as the owners of the land.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

125. Consider the following statements about Salt Satyagraha: [NDA-II 2013]

1. It was a form of Civil Disobedience.
2. It was the first nationalist activity in which women participated in large numbers.
3. Gandhiji first experimented with Salt Satyagraha in South Africa.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only  
(c) 1 and 2 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

126. Which of the following statements with regard to the 'Fifth Report' is/are correct? [NDA-II 2013]

1. It was submitted to the British Parliament in 1813 for consideration.
2. It became the basis of intense parliamentary debates on the nature of the East India Company's rule in India.
3. It was primarily on the economic conditions of the urban and industrial centres of India.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 and 3 only (b) 1 and 2 only  
(c) 2 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

**Direction:** The following 1 (one) item consists of two statements, Statement I and Statement II. Examine these two statements carefully and select the correct answer using the code given below :

**Code:**

- (a) Both the statements are individually true and Statement II is the correct explanation of Statement I.  
(b) Both the statements are individually true and Statement II is NOT the correct explanation of Statement I.  
(c) Statement I is true but Statement II is false.  
(d) Statement I is false but Statement II is true.

127. **Statement I:** In the 19th century, India was the largest British colony.

**Statement II:** India became a big market for British manufactured goods and a field of investment for foreign capital in the 19th century. [NDA-II 2013]

128. Which of the following statements about Russia is/are correct? [NDA-II 2013]

1. Russia emerged as the first socialist state in the world.

2. Socialist state in Russia was established by the Bolsheviks in 1917.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

**Direction:** The following 1 (one) item consists of two statements, Statement I and Statement II. Examine these two statements carefully and select the correct answer using the code given below :

**Code:**

- (a) Both the statements are individually true and Statement II is the correct explanation of Statement I.  
(b) Both the statements are individually true and Statement II is NOT the correct explanation of Statement I.  
(c) Statement I is true but Statement II is false.  
(d) Statement I is false but Statement II is true.

129. **Statement I :** The Russian Revolution of 1917 inspired the Indian working class movement.

**Statement II :** The Non-Cooperation Movement (1921-22) saw the involvement of the Indian working class.

[NDA-I-2013]

130. Which one among the following statements is not true about Bahadur Shah II ? [NDA-I-2013]

- (a) The rebels of 1857 proclaimed their loyalty to him  
(b) He was killed by Lt. Hodson, a cavalry officer in Delhi  
(c) he was reluctant to lead the Revolt of 1857 in the beginning  
(d) He was a poet

131. Which one among the following statements is true about Lord Curzon ? [NDA-II 2013]

- (a) He had full sympathy for the Congress  
(b) he introduced the subsidiary Alliance  
(c) He succeeded Lord Canning as the Viceroy of India  
(d) He separated the divisions of Dacca, Chittagong and Rajshahi from the province of Bengal and annexed them to Assam

132. Which one among the following statements about Civil Disobedience Movement is correct? [NDA-I 2013]

- (a) It started with Gandhiji's march to Champaran  
(b) Under Gandhi Irwin agreement, the Congress agreed to give up Civil Disobedience Movement  
(c) The British Government was quite soft towards the movement from the beginning  
(d) There were no violent incidents during the movement

133. The greatest stylistic forms of temple medieval period were the Nagara, the Dravida and the Vesara. Which of the following was the geographical spread of the Dravida style? [NDA-I 2013]

- (a) Between Vindhyan and Krishna rivers
- (b) Between Krishna and Kaveri rivers
- (c) Between Vindhyan and Kaveri rivers
- (d) Between Godavari and Krishna rivers

134. Consider the following statement : "No Indian could have started the Indian National Congress ... if the founder of the congress had not been a great Englishman and a distinguished ex-official, such was the distrust of political agitation in those days that the authority would have at once found some way or the other to suppress the movement. [NDA-I 2013]

Who among the following gave the statement on the establishment of Indian National Congress ?

- (a) W.Wedderburn
- (b) G.K. Gokhale
- (c) Dr. Palme Dutt
- (d) Allan Octavian Hume

135. Arrange the following events that took place in the first decade of the 20th century in chronological order ? [NDA-I 2013]

1. Indian National Congress, Bombay Session
2. Establishment of All India Muslim League
3. Partition of Bengal
4. Indian National Congress, Surat Session

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- (a) 1-2-3-4
- (b) 1-3-2-4
- (c) 4-3-2-1
- (d) 2-4-1-3

136. Match the following: [NDA-I 2013]

**List I (Peasant Movement)**

- A. Moplah outbreak
- B. Ramosi peasant force
- C. Kuka revolt
- D. Pabna revolt

**List II (Region)**

- 1. Maharashtra
- 2. Bengal
- 3. Malabar
- 4. Punjab

**Codes:**

- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| A B C D     | A B C D     |
| (a) 3 1 4 2 | (b) 3 4 1 2 |
| (c) 2 4 1 3 | (d) 2 1 4 3 |

137. Consider the following statements about periyar E.V. Ramashway : [NDA-I 2013]

1. He was a politician, social activist and an important figure in the Dravidian movement in south India
2. He championed the cause of caste upliftment, nationalism and the rights of women.

3. He was contemporary of the Maharashtra anti-caste reformer, Jyotiba Phule.

Which of the statement given above is/are correct ?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3
- (d) 1 and 2

138. Consider the following statements : [NDA-I 2013]

1. The Ain-Akbari is the third book in the Akbarnama written during the reign of the Mughal emperor, Akbar
2. Abul Fazl was the author of the first two books of the Akbarnama, while Akbar was the author of the third.
3. The best known accounts of illustrated Mughal official reports are the Akbarnama and the Babarnama.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct ?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

139. Consider the following statements : [NDA-I 2013]

1. Gandhiji's Salt Satyagraha in 1930 was against the State Monopoly of the manufacture and sale of salt.
2. The American news magazine Time covered the progress of Gandhiji's walk to Dandi on the Salt Satyagraha.
3. The Viceroy of India at the time of the Salt Satyagraha was Lord Ripon.
4. Gandhiji did not complete the Dandi March due to ill-health.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct ?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 4 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 1 and 2 only

140. Consider the following statements : [NDA-I 2013]

1. Gandhiji launched the Rowlatt Satyagraha in 1919 because of the British measures to impose censorship measures to impose censorship on the press.
2. Gandhiji launched the Rowlatt Satyagraha because of the British policy of permitted detention without trial.
3. The Rowlatt Act was restricted to Bombay and Madras Presidency.
4. The agitation against the Rowlatt Act reached climax with the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre in Amritsar.

Which of the statements given above are correct ?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 4
- (d) 2 and 4 only

## ANSWERS

1.	(a)	2.	(a)	3.	(a)	4.	(c)	5.	(d)	6.	(d)	7.	(c)	8.	(b)	9.	(a)	10.	(c)
11.	(c)	12.	(d)	13.	(a)	14.	(b)	15.	(d)	16.	(b)	17.	(c)	18.	(a)	19.	(d)	20.	(a)
21.	(b)	22.	(b)	23.	(c)	24.	(c)	25.	(d)	26.	(d)	27.	(a)	28.	(c)	29.	(b)	30.	(c)
31.	(b)	32.	(b)	33.	(b)	34.	(b)	35.	(d)	36.	(b)	37.	(a)	38.	(b)	39.	(a)	40.	(a)
41.	(d)	42.	(d)	43.	(d)	44.	(a)	45.	(d)	46.	(c)	47.	(b)	48.	(c)	49.	(c)	50.	(d)
51.	(d)	52.	(a)	53.	(d)	54.	(c)	55.	(c)	56.	(c)	57.	(b)	58.	(c)	59.	(c)	60.	(d)
61.	(d)	62.	(a)	63.	(c)	64.	(c)	65.	(b)	66.	(d)	67.	(d)	68.	(b)	69.	(b)	70.	(c)
71.	(d)	72.	(a)	73.	(a)	74.	(d)	75.	(a)	76.	(d)	77.	(b)	78.	(a)	79.	(c)	80.	(d)
81.	(a)	82.	(d)	83.	(b)	84.	(a)	85.	(d)	86.	(a)	87.	(c)	88.	(b)	89.	(d)	90.	(b)
91.	(c)	92.	(a)	93.	(c)	94.	(b)	95.	(c)	96.	(b)	97.	(b)	98.	(c)	99.	(b)	100.	(d)
101.	(c)	102.	(b)	103.	(a)	104.	(a)	105.	(c)	106.	(a)	107.	(d)	108.	(b)	109.	(c)	110.	(c)
111.	(d)	112.	(d)	113.	(c)	114.	(b)	115.	(c)	116.	(a)	117.	(a)	118.	(d)	119.	(b)	120.	(c)
121.	(b)	122.	(c)	123.	(a)	124.	(c)	125.	(d)	126.	(a)	127.	(c)	128.	(b)	129.	(b)	130.	(d)
131.	(b)	132.	(b)	133.	(b)	134.	(b)	135.	(a)	136.	(d)	137.	(b)	138.	(d)	139.	(d)	140.	(c)